EUROPEAN RIVER SYMPOSIUM 2021



Participatory basin management: how to do it & why it matters!

Citizen Observatory for water management: a new participation approach in the Eastern Alps River Basin District

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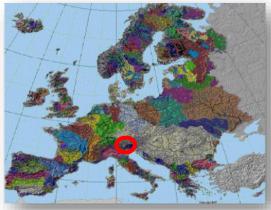


Thursday, 27th May 2021

The Hydrographic District of Eastern Alps

extension of about 40,000 Km²

average rainfall ranges from 700 to 3000 mm/year



People \cong 7.100.000 Municipalities 1.100

10 Units of Management



 The Flood Risk Management Plan (FRMP)
 > f

 highlights the hazards and risks of flooding from rivers, the sea,
 > c

 surface water, groundwater and reservoirs, and set out how
 > c

 Risk Management Authorities (RMAs) work together with
 > p

 communities to manage flood risk
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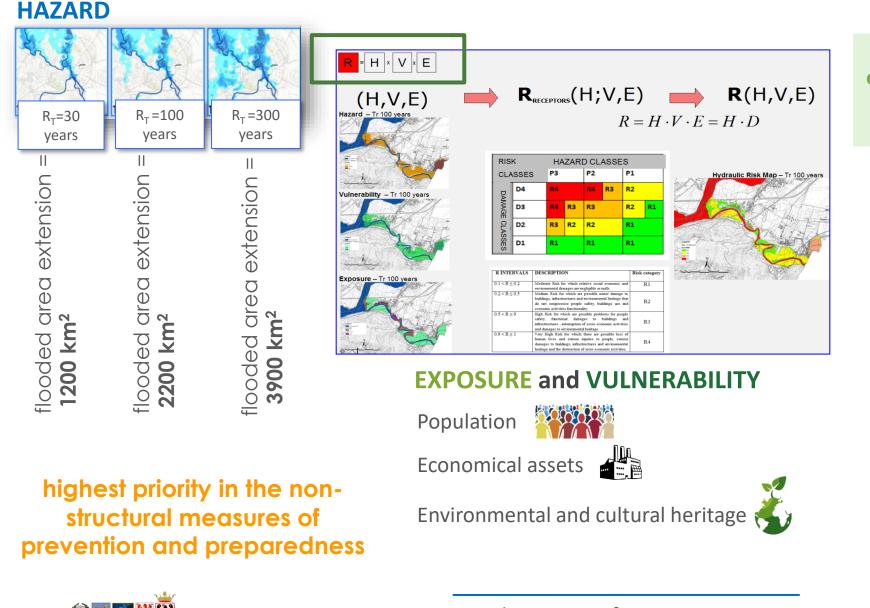
A Citizen Observatory for Water Management



 flood hazard and risk maps
 objectives for the purpose of managing the flood risk
 proposed measures for achieving those objectives



THE FLOOD RISK MANAGEMENT PLAN



presence of people, livelihoods, environmental resources, or economic, social, or cultural assets in places that could be adversely affected



Adaptive capacity Coping capacity Resilience



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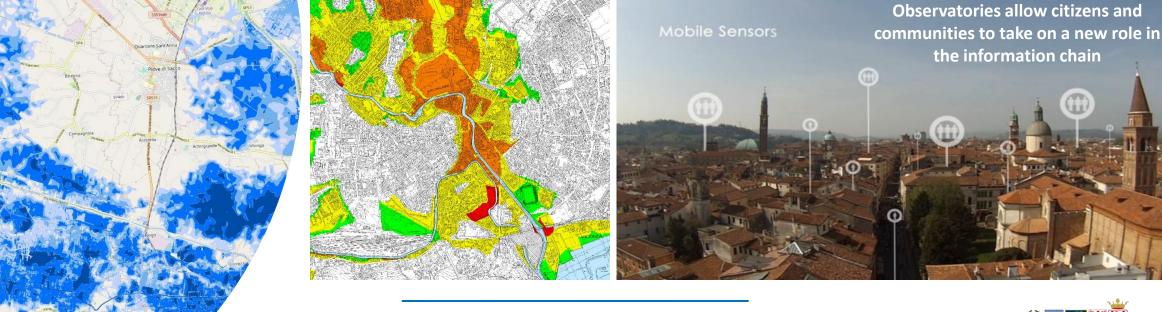
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Citizens' observatories are emerging as a means to establish interaction and co-participation between citizens and authorities both during emergencies but also during the day-to-day water management

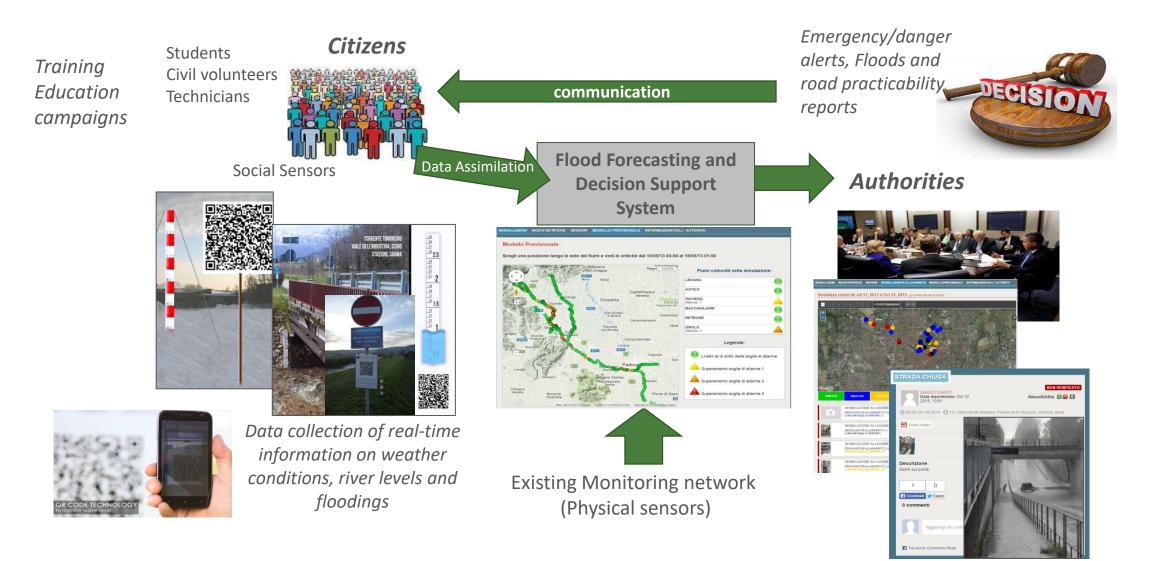
virtual place of the two-way communication between citizens and decision-makers

Authorities and citizens cooperate in:

- sharing information about events and places
- supporting a shared situation awareness, not only to improve response and recovery, but also to improve prevention, protection and preparedness for future emergency situations
- implementing new approaches to participation in planning, decision making and governance







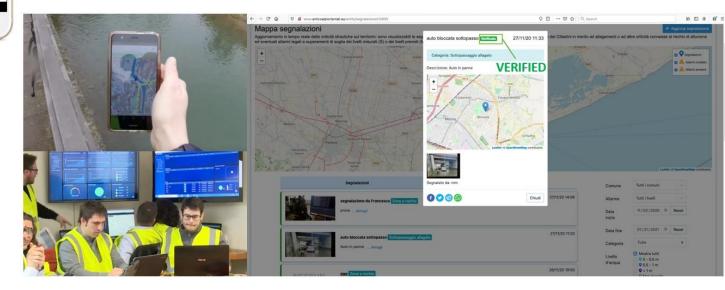




complementary source of data for hydrological/hydraulic monitoring

more spatially distributed coverage

dedicated apps, easy-to-use physical sensors and other monitoring technologies linked to a dedicated platform



two-way communication between Citizens and Authorities citizens receive in exchange alerts setting from weather forecast and flood warnings, sensors data, information from the Authority





TRAINING activities to learn to use the CO supporting technologies but also to better understand the dynamics of flood events

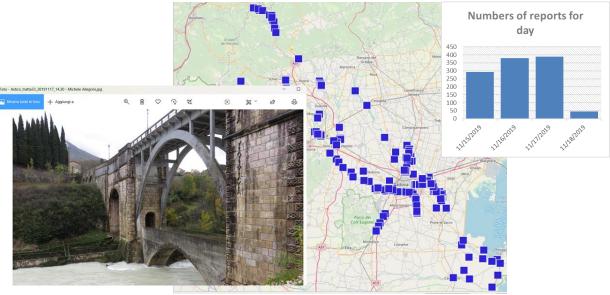
Supporting communication with the teams of volunteers during an emergency

transmission of the position of the volunteers and sharing of useful information in order to optimize emergency management

Involvement of technicians and professionals (expert citizens): agreements anche formative sessions

when an extreme event (i.e. heavy rain) is forecast, <u>AAWA</u> calls upon any available participants to acquire high-quality data to feed the models and databases







Engagement of schools is currently ongoing, including the development of educational programs for teachers, approved by the Italian Ministry of Education

The aim is to raise student awareness of existing flood risks in their own area, and to help students recognize the value of the Citizen Observatory in protecting their families

(300 primary schools and 300 middle and secondary schools involved)



EDUCATION campaigns

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The Citizen Observatory for water management is a step forward in achieving important Sustainable Development Goals



capacity for early warning, risk reduction and risk management for national health



the **participation of local communities** in improving water management



 \checkmark protection of the world's cultural and natural heritage



 reduction in the number of deaths and the number of people affected and economic losses caused by disasters, including water-related disasters

 increase in the number of cities with the adoption and implementation of policies aimed at mitigation and adaptation to climate change, integrated resilience to disasters



resilience and adaptability to climate-related risks and natural disasters



Improvement of education, awareness and institutional capacity on climate change mitigation, adaptation, impact reduction and early warning



effective and transparent institutions at all levels

a responsive, inclusive, participatory decision-making process at all levels





WSI pilot was adopted by the European Commission as a "good practice" example of the application of 2007/60/EC The citizen observatory was adopted as a not structural **mitigation measure** for flood risk **in the FRMP**



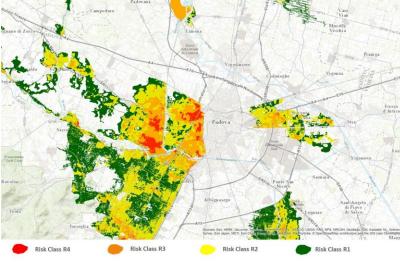
The Value of Citizen Science for Flood Risk Reduction: Cost-benefit Analysis of a Citizen Observatory in the Brenta-Bacchiglione

Catchment

(Ferri et al. 2020)

ECONOMIC VALUE the citizen observatory is assumed to decrease the social vulnerability of the flood risk

Risk Map of Padua territory (RT 100 years)



Cost of the Citizen Observatory measure 5 million €

(annual benefit in terms of avoided damage: approximately 135 million €)



Social value

The citizens are the hearth of the alert system: they are involved in data collection and are made aware of the risk that characterizes the place in which they live **ACTIVE PARTICIPATION IN WATER MANAGEMENT**



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