Are rivers being restored in the lberian Peninsula?

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Overview

- i. Which are the priorities for the restoration of lberian rivers?
- ii. What has been done during the last decade?
- iii. Which should be the focus of restoration initiatives in the coming years?
- iv. Conclusions and proposals for action



i. Which are the priorities for the restoration of Iberian rivers?

- Full integration of WFD, FRD and BHD
- Water quality is not the big obstacle for restoration, but should be improved in specific segments
- Restoration of flow regimes and river dynamics are essential for success
- Large disconnection between scientists/managers and society



Top initiatives:

- Large projects developed under EU co-funding (esp. Life+ projects)
- Spanish National Estrategy for River Restoration
- New flow exigencies in Basin Management Plans
- Smaller actions developed by NGOs and public/private Foundations

Bottom initatives

- Traditional bad practices (insistently) developed by Basin Authorities and Regional Governments: dredging, "river cleaning", antropization of urban and peri-urban reaches
- Additional regulation, bad and non-improving agricultural practices, urbanization of critical (flood-risk, coastal) areas

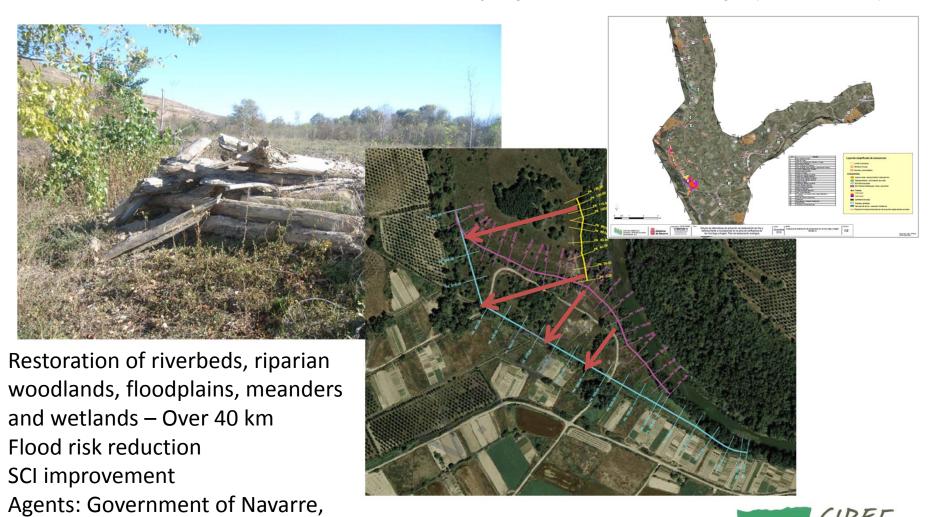


Top initiatives

Ebro Basin Agency, Ministry of the

Environment, Municipalities

Life+ project "Mink Territory" (2010-2015)



Source: Government of Navarre



Top initiatives

Restoration of the Órbigo River (Duero Basin)



- Floodplain reconnection, improvement of hydrogeomorphic processes
- Flood risk reduction
- Intense participative programme
- Agents: Duero Basin Agency,
 Ministry of the Environment,
 Municipalities



Source: Ministry of Agriculture, Food and Environment / Duero Water Agency



Top initiatives

Dam Removals (e.g., Basque Country)



- Channel connectivity, habitat improvement, geomorphic renaturalization
- Agents: Government of Vasque Country (Gipuzkoa Administration)



Source: Gipuzkoa Administration and Alfredo Ollero



Top initiatives

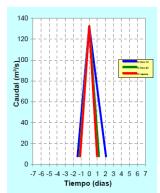
Recalculation of environmental flow requirements



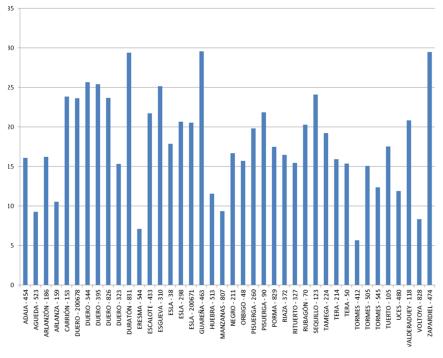
-	New methodological approach:
	combination of hydrological and habitat-
	based procedures

- Design and establishment of Flood regimes
- Whole range of native fish species and conceptual incorporation of riparian plant species
- Many scientific and management gaps still to be filled

CAUDAL GENERADOR										
	DAL PUNT. DE MÁXIM	-,-			m³/s O					
CARACTERIZACIÓN DEL HIDROGRAMA DEL EVENTO GENERADOR TIPO										
	Rama a	Rama descendente			Total hidrograma					
	Perc. 70	Perc. 90	Máx	Perc. 70	Perc. 90	Máx	Perc. 70	Perc. 90	Máx	
Tasa cambio (m³/s/día)	85,55	102,65	111,34	59,76	103,01	127,54				
Duración (horas)	34,9	29,1	26,8	50,0	29,0	23,4	84,9	58,1	50,3	
Volumen (hm³)	7,83	6,53	6,02	11,21	6,50	5,25	19,04	13,03	11,27	
% s/ Apo. natural	3,2%	2,6%	2,4%	4,5%	2,6%	2,1%	7,7%	5,3%	4,6%	







Bottom initiatives

River dredgings in large alluvial systems



Source: J.A. Pinzolas



Bottom initiatives

"River cleanings" in agro-landscapes



Tajuña River, Madrid





Bottom initiatives



Carcavas Creek,
Manzanares tributary

Artificial, forgotten rivers in "modern" urban design



Manzanares River, Madrid donwtown



iii. Which should be the focus of restoration initiatives in the coming years?

- Improve social recognition of ecosystem services
- Require participatory processes
- Demand initiatives give answer to WFD, FRD & BHD
- Oblige all initiatives to incorporate true cost-benefit analyses
- Strengthen public/private participation by technical and financial means, but under well-coordinated programmes



iv. Conclusions and proposals for action

- Iberian rivers need intensive hydrogeomorphological restoration
- Flood risk reduction must be actively managed
- Urban design must not block restoration
- Much work is to be done to increase social awareness on long-lasting problems and to provide long-term solutions



